

A. WHO - ASSIST V3.0

INTERVIEWER ID	<input type="text"/>	COUNTRY	<input type="text"/>	CLINIC	<input type="text"/>
PATIENT ID	<input type="text"/>	DATE	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>

INTRODUCTION (Please read to patient)

Thank you for agreeing to take part in this brief interview about alcohol, tobacco products and other drugs. I am going to ask you some questions about your experience of using these substances across your lifetime and in the past three months. These substances can be smoked, swallowed, snorted, inhaled, injected or taken in the form of pills (show drug card).

Some of the substances listed may be prescribed by a doctor (like amphetamines, sedatives, pain medications). For this interview, we will not record medications that are used as prescribed by your doctor. However, if you have taken such medications for reasons other than prescription, or taken them more frequently or at higher doses than prescribed, please let me know. While we are also interested in knowing about your use of various illicit drugs, please be assured that information on such use will be treated as strictly confidential.

NOTE: BEFORE ASKING QUESTIONS, GIVE ASSIST RESPONSE CARD TO PATIENT

Question 1

(if completing follow-up please cross check the patient's answers with the answers given for Q1 at baseline. Any differences on this question should be queried)

In your life, which of the following substances have you <u>ever used</u> ? (NON-MEDICAL USE ONLY)	No	Yes
a. Tobacco products (cigarettes, chewing tobacco, cigars, etc.)	0	3
b. Alcoholic beverages (beer, wine, spirits, etc.)	0	3
c. Cannabis (marijuana, pot, grass, hash, etc.)	0	3
d. Cocaine (coke, crack, etc.)	0	3
e. Amphetamine type stimulants (speed, diet pills, ecstasy, etc.)	0	3
f. Inhalants (nitrous, glue, petrol, paint thinner, etc.)	0	3
g. Sedatives or Sleeping Pills (Valium, Serepax, Rohypnol, etc.)	0	3
h. Hallucinogens (LSD, acid, mushrooms, PCP, Special K, etc.)	0	3
i. Opioids (heroin, morphine, methadone, codeine, etc.)	0	3
j. Other - specify:	0	3

Probe if all answers are negative: "Not even when you were in school?"	If "No" to all items, stop interview. If "Yes" to any of these items, ask Question 2 for each substance ever used.
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Question 2

In the <u>past three months</u> , how often have you used the substances you mentioned (<i>FIRST DRUG, SECOND DRUG, ETC</i>)?	Never	Once or Twice	Monthly	Weekly	Daily or Almost Daily
a. Tobacco products (cigarettes, chewing tobacco, cigars, etc.)	0	2	3	4	6
b. Alcoholic beverages (beer, wine, spirits, etc.)	0	2	3	4	6
c. Cannabis (marijuana, pot, grass, hash, etc.)	0	2	3	4	6
d. Cocaine (coke, crack, etc.)	0	2	3	4	6
e. Amphetamine type stimulants (speed, diet pills, ecstasy, etc.)	0	2	3	4	6
f. Inhalants (nitrous, glue, petrol, paint thinner, etc.)	0	2	3	4	6
g. Sedatives or Sleeping Pills (Valium, Serepax, Rohypnol, etc.)	0	2	3	4	6
h. Hallucinogens (LSD, acid, mushrooms, PCP, Special K, etc.)	0	2	3	4	6
i. Opioids (heroin, morphine, methadone, codeine, etc.)	0	2	3	4	6
j. Other - specify:	0	2	3	4	6

If "Never" to all items in Question 2, skip to Question 6.

If any substances in Question 2 were used in the previous three months, continue with Questions 3, 4 & 5 for each substance used.

Question 3

During the <u>past three months</u> , how often have you had a strong desire or urge to use (<i>FIRST DRUG, SECOND DRUG, ETC</i>)?	Never	Once or Twice	Monthly	Weekly	Daily or Almost Daily
a. Tobacco products (cigarettes, chewing tobacco, cigars, etc.)	0	3	4	5	6
b. Alcoholic beverages (beer, wine, spirits, etc.)	0	3	4	5	6
c. Cannabis (marijuana, pot, grass, hash, etc.)	0	3	4	5	6
d. Cocaine (coke, crack, etc.)	0	3	4	5	6
e. Amphetamine type stimulants (speed, diet pills, ecstasy, etc.)	0	3	4	5	6
f. Inhalants (nitrous, glue, petrol, paint thinner, etc.)	0	3	4	5	6
g. Sedatives or Sleeping Pills (Valium, Serepax, Rohypnol, etc.)	0	3	4	5	6
h. Hallucinogens (LSD, acid, mushrooms, PCP, Special K, etc.)	0	3	4	5	6
i. Opioids (heroin, morphine, methadone, codeine, etc.)	0	3	4	5	6
j. Other - specify:	0	3	4	5	6

Question 4

During the <u>past three months</u> , how often has your use of (<i>FIRST DRUG, SECOND DRUG, ETC</i>) led to health, social, legal or financial problems?	Never	Once or Twice	Monthly	Weekly	Daily or Almost Daily
a. Tobacco products (cigarettes, chewing tobacco, cigars, etc.)	0	4	5	6	7
b. Alcoholic beverages (beer, wine, spirits, etc.)	0	4	5	6	7
c. Cannabis (marijuana, pot, grass, hash, etc.)	0	4	5	6	7
d. Cocaine (coke, crack, etc.)	0	4	5	6	7
e. Amphetamine type stimulants (speed, diet pills, ecstasy, etc.)	0	4	5	6	7
f. Inhalants (nitrous, glue, petrol, paint thinner, etc.)	0	4	5	6	7
g. Sedatives or Sleeping Pills (Valium, Serepax, Rohypnol, etc.)	0	4	5	6	7
h. Hallucinogens (LSD, acid, mushrooms, PCP, Special K, etc.)	0	4	5	6	7
i. Opioids (heroin, morphine, methadone, codeine, etc.)	0	4	5	6	7
j. Other - specify:	0	4	5	6	7

Question 5

During the <u>past three months</u> , how often have you failed to do what was normally expected of you because of your use of (<i>FIRST DRUG, SECOND DRUG, ETC</i>)?	Never	Once or Twice	Monthly	Weekly	Daily or Almost Daily
a. Tobacco products					
b. Alcoholic beverages (beer, wine, spirits, etc.)	0	5	6	7	8
c. Cannabis (marijuana, pot, grass, hash, etc.)	0	5	6	7	8
d. Cocaine (coke, crack, etc.)	0	5	6	7	8
e. Amphetamine type stimulants (speed, diet pills, ecstasy, etc.)	0	5	6	7	8
f. Inhalants (nitrous, glue, petrol, paint thinner, etc.)	0	5	6	7	8
g. Sedatives or Sleeping Pills (Valium, Serepax, Rohypnol, etc.)	0	5	6	7	8
h. Hallucinogens (LSD, acid, mushrooms, PCP, Special K, etc.)	0	5	6	7	8
i. Opioids (heroin, morphine, methadone, codeine, etc.)	0	5	6	7	8
j. Other - specify:	0	5	6	7	8

Ask Questions 6 & 7 for all substances ever used (i.e. those endorsed in Question 1)

Question 6

Has a friend or relative or anyone else <u>ever</u> expressed concern about your use of <i>(FIRST DRUG, SECOND DRUG, ETC.)?</i>	No, Never	Yes, in the past 3 months	Yes, but not in the past 3 months
a. Tobacco products (cigarettes, chewing tobacco, cigars, etc.)	0	6	3
b. Alcoholic beverages (beer, wine, spirits, etc.)	0	6	3
c. Cannabis (marijuana, pot, grass, hash, etc.)	0	6	3
d. Cocaine (coke, crack, etc.)	0	6	3
e. Amphetamine type stimulants (speed, diet pills, ecstasy, etc.)	0	6	3
f. Inhalants (nitrous, glue, petrol, paint thinner, etc.)	0	6	3
g. Sedatives or Sleeping Pills (Valium, Serepax, Rohypnol, etc.)	0	6	3
h. Hallucinogens (LSD, acid, mushrooms, PCP, Special K, etc.)	0	6	3
i. Opioids (heroin, morphine, methadone, codeine, etc.)	0	6	3
j. Other – specify:	0	6	3

Question 7

Have you <u>ever</u> tried and failed to control, cut down or stop using <i>(FIRST DRUG, SECOND DRUG, ETC.)?</i>	No, Never	Yes, in the past 3 months	Yes, but not in the past 3 months
a. Tobacco products (cigarettes, chewing tobacco, cigars, etc.)	0	6	3
b. Alcoholic beverages (beer, wine, spirits, etc.)	0	6	3
c. Cannabis (marijuana, pot, grass, hash, etc.)	0	6	3
d. Cocaine (coke, crack, etc.)	0	6	3
e. Amphetamine type stimulants (speed, diet pills, ecstasy, etc.)	0	6	3
f. Inhalants (nitrous, glue, petrol, paint thinner, etc.)	0	6	3
g. Sedatives or Sleeping Pills (Valium, Serepax, Rohypnol, etc.)	0	6	3
h. Hallucinogens (LSD, acid, mushrooms, PCP, Special K, etc.)	0	6	3
i. Opioids (heroin, morphine, methadone, codeine, etc.)	0	6	3
j. Other – specify:	0	6	3

Question 8

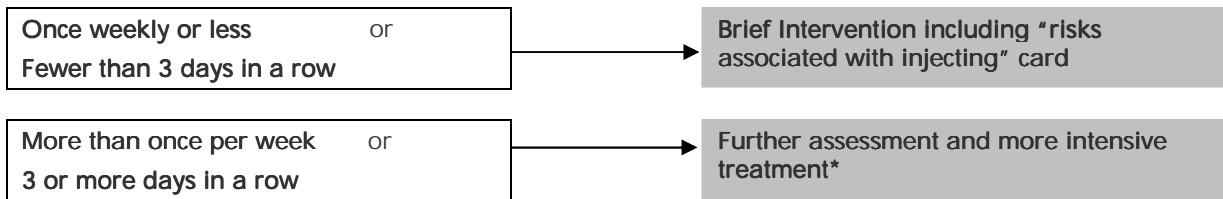
	No, Never	Yes, in the past 3 months	Yes, but not in the past 3 months
Have you <u>ever</u> used any drug by injection? (NON-MEDICAL USE ONLY)	0	2	1

IMPORTANT NOTE:

Patients who have injected drugs in the last 3 months should be asked about their pattern of injecting during this period, to determine their risk levels and the best course of intervention.

PATTERN OF INJECTING

INTERVENTION GUIDELINES



HOW TO CALCULATE A SPECIFIC SUBSTANCE INVOLVEMENT SCORE.

For each substance (labelled a. to j.) add up the scores received for questions 2 through 7 inclusive. Do not include the results from either Q1 or Q8 in this score. For example, a score for cannabis would be calculated as: **Q2c + Q3c + Q4c + Q5c + Q6c + Q7c**

Note that Q5 for tobacco is not coded, and is calculated as: **Q2a + Q3a + Q4a + Q6a + Q7a**

THE TYPE OF INTERVENTION IS DETERMINED BY THE PATIENT'S SPECIFIC SUBSTANCE INVOLVEMENT SCORE

	Record specific substance score	no intervention	receive brief intervention	more intensive treatment *
a. tobacco		0 - 3	4 - 26	27+
b. alcohol		0 - 10	11 - 26	27+
c. cannabis		0 - 3	4 - 26	27+
d. cocaine		0 - 3	4 - 26	27+
e. amphetamine		0 - 3	4 - 26	27+
f. inhalants		0 - 3	4 - 26	27+
g. sedatives		0 - 3	4 - 26	27+
h. hallucinogens		0 - 3	4 - 26	27+
i. opioids		0 - 3	4 - 26	27+
j. other drugs		0 - 3	4 - 26	27+

NOTE: *FURTHER ASSESSMENT AND MORE INTENSIVE TREATMENT may be provided by the health professional(s) within your primary care setting, or, by a specialist drug and alcohol treatment service when available.

B. WHO ASSIST V3.0 RESPONSE CARD FOR PATIENTS

Response Card - substances

a. Tobacco products (cigarettes, chewing tobacco, cigars, etc.)
b. Alcoholic beverages (beer, wine, spirits, etc.)
c. Cannabis (marijuana, pot, grass, hash, etc.)
d. Cocaine (coke, crack, etc.)
e. Amphetamine type stimulants (speed, diet pills, ecstasy, etc.)
f. Inhalants (nitrous, glue, petrol, paint thinner, etc.)
g. Sedatives or Sleeping Pills (Valium, Serepax, Rohypnol, etc.)
h. Hallucinogens (LSD, acid, mushrooms, PCP, Special K, etc.)
i. Opioids (heroin, morphine, methadone, codeine, etc.)
j. Other - specify:

Response Card (ASSIST Questions 2 – 5)

Never: not used in the last 3 months

Once or twice: 1 to 2 times in the last 3 months.

Monthly: 1 to 3 times in one month.

Weekly: 1 to 4 times per week.

Daily or almost daily: 5 to 7 days per week.

Response Card (ASSIST Questions 6 to 8)

No, Never

Yes, but not in the past 3 months

Yes, in the past 3 months

C. ALCOHOL, SMOKING AND SUBSTANCE INVOLVEMENT SCREENING TEST (WHO ASSIST V3.0) FEEDBACK REPORT CARD FOR PATIENTS

Name _____ Test Date _____

Specific Substance Involvement Scores

Substance	Score	Risk Level
a. Tobacco products		0-3 Low 4-26 Moderate 27+ High
b. Alcoholic Beverages		0-10 Low 11-26 Moderate 27+ High
c. Cannabis		0-3 Low 4-26 Moderate 27+ High
d. Cocaine		0-3 Low 4-26 Moderate 27+ High
e. Amphetamine type stimulants		0-3 Low 4-26 Moderate 27+ High
f. Inhalants		0-3 Low 4-26 Moderate 27+ High
g. Sedatives or Sleeping Pills		0-3 Low 4-26 Moderate 27+ High
h. Hallucinogens		0-3 Low 4-26 Moderate 27+ High
i. Opioids		0-3 Low 4-26 Moderate 27+ High
j. Other - specify		0-3 Low 4-26 Moderate 27+ High

What do your scores mean?

- Low:** You are at low risk of health and other problems from your current pattern of use.
- Moderate:** You are at risk of health and other problems from your current pattern of substance use.
- High:** You are at high risk of experiencing severe problems (health, social, financial, legal, relationship) as a result of your current pattern of use and are likely to be dependent

Are you concerned about your substance use?

a. tobacco	Your risk of experiencing these harms is:.....	Low <input type="checkbox"/>	Moderate <input type="checkbox"/>	High <input type="checkbox"/>
	(tick one)			
Regular tobacco smoking is associated with:				
	Premature aging, wrinkling of the skin			
	Respiratory infections and asthma			
	High blood pressure, diabetes			
	Respiratory infections, allergies and asthma in children of smokers			
	Miscarriage, premature labour and low birth weight babies for pregnant women			
	Kidney disease			
	Chronic obstructive airways disease			
	Heart disease, stroke, vascular disease			
	Cancers			

b. alcohol	Your risk of experiencing these harms is:.....	Low <input type="checkbox"/>	Moderate <input type="checkbox"/>	High <input type="checkbox"/>
	(tick one)			
Regular excessive alcohol use is associated with:				
	Hangovers, aggressive and violent behaviour, accidents and injury			
	Reduced sexual performance, premature ageing			
	Digestive problems, ulcers, inflammation of the pancreas, high blood pressure			
	Anxiety and depression, relationship difficulties, financial and work problems			
	Difficulty remembering things and solving problems			
	Deformities and brain damage in babies of pregnant women			
	Stroke, permanent brain injury, muscle and nerve damage			
	Liver disease, pancreas disease			
	Cancers, suicide			

c. cannabis	Your risk of experiencing these harms is:.....	Low <input type="checkbox"/>	Moderate <input type="checkbox"/>	High <input type="checkbox"/>
	(tick one)			
Regular use of cannabis is associated with:				
	Problems with attention and motivation			
	Anxiety, paranoia, panic, depression			
	Decreased memory and problem solving ability			
	High blood pressure			
	Asthma, bronchitis			
	Psychosis in those with a personal or family history of schizophrenia			
	Heart disease and chronic obstructive airways disease			
	Cancers			

d. cocaine	Your risk of experiencing these harms is:....	Low <input type="checkbox"/>	Moderate <input type="checkbox"/>	High <input type="checkbox"/>
	(tick one)			
Regular use of cocaine is associated with:				
	Difficulty sleeping, heart racing, headaches, weight loss			
	Numbness, tingling, clammy skin, skin scratching or picking			
	Accidents and injury, financial problems			
	Irrational thoughts			
	Mood swings - anxiety, depression, mania			
	Aggression and paranoia			
	Intense craving, stress from the lifestyle			
	Psychosis after repeated use of high doses			
	Sudden death from heart problems			

e. amphetamine type stimulants	Your risk of experiencing these harms is:.....	Low <input type="checkbox"/>	Moderate <input type="checkbox"/>	High <input type="checkbox"/>
	(tick one)			
Regular use of amphetamine type stimulants is associated with:				
	Difficulty sleeping, loss of appetite and weight loss, dehydration			
	jaw clenching, headaches, muscle pain			
	Mood swings -anxiety, depression, agitation, mania, panic, paranoia			
	Tremors, irregular heartbeat, shortness of breath			
	Aggressive and violent behaviour			
	Psychosis after repeated use of high doses			
	Permanent damage to brain cells			
	Liver damage, brain haemorrhage, sudden death (ecstasy) in rare situations			

f. inhalants	Your risk of experiencing these harms is:.....	Low <input type="checkbox"/>	Moderate <input type="checkbox"/>	High <input type="checkbox"/>
	(tick one)			
Regular use of inhalants is associated with:				
	Dizziness and hallucinations, drowsiness, disorientation, blurred vision			
	Flu like symptoms, sinusitis, nosebleeds			
	Indigestion, stomach ulcers			
	Accidents and injury			
	Memory loss, confusion, depression, aggression			
	Coordination difficulties, slowed reactions, hypoxia			
	Delirium, seizures, coma, organ damage (heart, lungs, liver, kidneys)			
	Death from heart failure			

g. sedatives	Your risk of experiencing these harms is: Low <input type="checkbox"/> Moderate <input type="checkbox"/> High <input type="checkbox"/> (tick one)
	Regular use of sedatives is associated with:
	Drowsiness, dizziness and confusion
	Difficulty concentrating and remembering things
	Nausea, headaches, unsteady gait
	Sleeping problems
	Anxiety and depression
	Tolerance and dependence after a short period of use.
	Severe withdrawal symptoms
	Overdose and death if used with alcohol, opioids or other depressant drugs.

h. hallucinogens	Your risk of experiencing these harms is:..... Low <input type="checkbox"/> Moderate <input type="checkbox"/> High <input type="checkbox"/> (tick one)
	Regular use of hallucinogens is associated with:
	Hallucinations (pleasant or unpleasant) – visual, auditory, tactile, olfactory
	Difficulty sleeping
	Nausea and vomiting
	Increased heart rate and blood pressure
	Mood swings
	Anxiety, panic, paranoia
	Flash-backs
	Increase the effects of mental illnesses such as schizophrenia

i. opioids	Your risk of experiencing these harms is: Low <input type="checkbox"/> Moderate <input type="checkbox"/> High <input type="checkbox"/> (tick one)
	Regular use of opioids is associated with:
	Itching, nausea and vomiting
	Drowsiness
	Constipation, tooth decay
	Difficulty concentrating and remembering things
	Reduced sexual desire and sexual performance
	Relationship difficulties
	Financial and work problems, violations of law
	Tolerance and dependence, withdrawal symptoms
	Overdose and death from respiratory failure

D. RISKS OF INJECTING CARD – INFORMATION FOR PATIENTS

Using substances by injection increases the risk of harm from substance use.

This harm can come from:

- **The substance**
 - If you inject any drug you are more likely to become dependent.
 - If you inject amphetamines or cocaine you are more likely to experience psychosis.
 - If you inject heroin or other sedatives you are more likely to overdose.
- **The injecting behaviour**
 - If you inject you may damage your skin and veins and get infections.
 - You may cause scars, bruises, swelling, abscesses and ulcers.
 - Your veins might collapse.
 - If you inject into the neck you can cause a stroke.
- **Sharing of injecting equipment**
 - If you share injecting equipment (needles & syringes, spoons, filters, etc.) you are more likely to spread blood borne virus infections like Hepatitis B, Hepatitis C and HIV.
- ❖ **It is safer not to inject**
- ❖ **If you do inject:**
 - ✓ always use clean equipment (e.g., needles & syringes, spoons, filters, etc.)
 - ✓ always use a new needle and syringe
 - ✓ don't share equipment with other people
 - ✓ clean the preparation area
 - ✓ clean your hands
 - ✓ clean the injecting site
 - ✓ use a different injecting site each time
 - ✓ inject slowly
 - ✓ put your used needle and syringe in a hard container and dispose of it safely
- ❖ **If you use stimulant drugs like amphetamines or cocaine the following tips will help you reduce your risk of psychosis.**
 - ✓ avoid injecting and smoking
 - ✓ avoid using on a daily basis
- ❖ **If you use depressant drugs like heroin the following tips will help you reduce your risk of overdose.**
 - ✓ avoid using other drugs, especially sedatives or alcohol, on the same day
 - ✓ use a small amount and always have a trial "taste" of a new batch
 - ✓ have someone with you when you are using
 - ✓ avoid injecting in places where no-one can get to you if you do overdose
 - ✓ know the telephone numbers of the ambulance service

E. TRANSLATION AND ADAPTATION TO LOCAL LANGUAGES AND CULTURE: A RESOURCE FOR CLINICIANS AND RESEARCHERS

The ASSIST instrument, instructions, drug cards, response scales and resource manuals may need to be translated into local languages for use in particular countries or regions. Translation from English should be as direct as possible to maintain the integrity of the tools and documents. However, in some cultural settings and linguistic groups, aspects of the ASSIST and its companion documents may not be able to be translated literally and there may be socio-cultural factors that will need to be taken into account in addition to semantic meaning. In particular, substance names may require adaptation to conform to local conditions, and it is also worth noting that the definition of a standard drink may vary from country to country.

Translation should be undertaken by a bi-lingual translator, preferably a health professional with experience in interviewing. For the ASSIST instrument itself, translations should be reviewed by a bi-lingual expert panel to ensure that the instrument is not ambiguous. Back translation into English should then be carried out by another independent translator whose main language is English to ensure that no meaning has been lost in the translation. This strict translation procedure is critical for the ASSIST instrument to ensure that comparable information is obtained wherever the ASSIST is used across the world.

Translation of this manual and companion documents may also be undertaken if required. These do not need to undergo the full procedure described above, but should include an expert bi-lingual panel.

Before attempting to translate the ASSIST and related documents into other languages, interested individuals should consult with the WHO about the procedures to be followed and the availability of other translations. Write to the Department of Mental Health and Substance Dependence, World Health Organisation, 1211 Geneva 27, Switzerland.